Compliance Document for New Zealand Building Code Clause G6 Airborne and Impact Sound

Prepared by the Department of Building and Housing

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Users should make themselves familiar with the preface to the New Zealand Building Code Handbook, which describes the status of Compliance Documents and explains alternative methods of achieving compliance.

Defined words (italicised in the text) and classified uses are explained in Clauses A1 of the Building Code and in the Definitions at the start of this Compliance Document.

G6: Document History				
	Date	Alterations		
First published	July 1992			
Amendment 1	19 August 1994	pp. i and ii, Document History p. 5, Figure 2 p. 6, Figure 3		
Amendment 2	1 December 1995	p. ii, Document History p. vi, References p. 3, 1.0.1, 1.0.2	p. 5, Figure 2 p. 7, Figure 5 p. 8, Index	

Note: Page numbers relate to the document at the time of Amendment and may not match page numbers in current document.

Document Status

The most recent version of this document, as detailed in the Document History, is approved by the Chief Executive of the Department of Building and Housing. It is effective from 1 December 1995 and supersedes all previous versions of this document.

People using this Compliance Document should check for amendments on a regular basis. The Department of Building and Housing may amend any part of any Compliance Document at any time. Up-to-date versions of Compliance Documents are available from www.dbh.govt.nz

New Zealand Building Code Clause G6 Airborne and Impact Sound

This Clause is extracted from the New Zealand Building Code contained in the First Schedule of the Building Regulations 1992.

1992/150	Building Regulati	ons 1992	63
	FIRST SCHEDULE	-continued	
Clause G6-AIR	BORNE AND IMPAC	T SOUND	
Provi	sions	Limits on appli	ication
OBJECTIVE G6.1 The objective provision is to safe from illness or loss result of undue net transmitted betwee occupancies.	ye of this eguard people is of <i>amenity</i> as a pise being een abutting		
FUNCTIONAL F	EQUIREMENT		
G6.2 Building elem common between shall be construct undue noise trans other occupancies spaces, to the hab household units.	ents which are occupancies, ed to prevent mission from or common <i>itable spaces</i> of		
PERFORMANCE			
G6.3.1 The Sound of walls, floors an be no less than 5: G6.3.2 The Impac	Transmission Class d ceilings, shall 5. t Insulation Class		
	I		

Contents

		Page
Refer	ences	7
Defin	itions	9
Verifi	cation Method G6/VM1	11
1.0	Airborne Sound Insulation Field Tests	11
2.0	Impact Sound Insulation Field Tests	11
Acce	otable Solution G6/AS1	13
1.0	Construction of Wall, Floor and Ceiling Assemblies	13
Index	[19

DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING AND HOUSING

References

For the purposes of New Zealand Building Code compliance, referenced documents shall be deemed to include any amendments issued prior to the date of the Approved Document as displayed at the foot of the page on which the references are listed.

			Where quoted
I.	American Society	for Testing and Materials	
Amend 2 Dec 1995	ASTM E 336: 1990	Method for measurement of airborne sound insulation in buildings	VM1 1.0.1
	ASTM E 413: 1987	Classification for rating sound insulation	VM1 1.0.1, Definitions
Amend 2 Dec 1995	ASTM E 492: 1990	Test method for laboratory measurement of impact sound transmission through floor-ceiling assemblies using the tapping machine	Definitions
Amend 2 Dec 1995	ASTM E 989: 1989	Classification for determination of impact insulation class (IIC)	VM1 2.0.1
	International Star	ndards Organisation	
	ISO 140/VII: 1978	Field measurements of impact sound insulation of floors	VM1 2.0.1

Definitions G6/VM1 & AS1

Definitions

This is an abbreviated list of definitions for words or terms particularly relevant to this Approved Document. The definitions for any other italicised words may be found in the New Zealand Building Code Handbook.

- Adequate Adequate to achieve the objectives of the *building code*.
- **Amenity** An attribute of a *building* which contributes to the health, physical independence, and well being of the *building's* users but which is not associated with disease or a specific illness.
- **Building** has the meaning ascribed to it by the Building Act 1991.
- **Building element** Any structural and nonstructural component or assembly incorporated into or associated with a *building*. Included are *fixtures*, services, *drains*, permanent mechanical installations for access, glazing, partitions, ceilings and temporary supports.
- **Fixture** An article intended to remain permanently attached to and form part of a *building*.
- Habitable space A space used for activities normally associated with domestic living, but excludes any bathroom, laundry, watercloset, pantry, walk-in wardrobe, corridor, hallway, lobby, clothes-drying room, or other space of a specialised nature occupied neither frequently nor for extended periods.
- Household unit means any *building* or group of *buildings*, or part of any *building* or group of *buildings*, used or intended to be used solely or principally for residential purposes and occupied or intended to be occupied exclusively as the home or residence of not more than one household; but does not include a hostel or boardinghouse or other specialised accommodation.

- Impact insulation class (IIC) A single number rating derived from measured values of normalized impact sound pressure levels in accordance with Method of ASTM E 492, Annex A1, Laboratory Measurement of Impact Sound Transmission Through Floor-Ceiling Assemblies Using the Tapping Machine. It provides an estimate of the impact sound insulating performance of a floor-ceiling assembly.
- **Sound transmission class (STC)** A single number rating derived from measured values of transmission loss in accordance with classification ASTM E 413, Determination of Sound Transmission Class. It provides an estimate of the performance of a partition in certain common sound insulation situations.

Verification Method G6/VM1

1.0 Airborne Sound Insulation Field Tests

1.0.1 The performance for airborne sound insulation may be verified using the procedures detailed in ASTM E 336, and the field *sound transmission class* may be verified using the method described in ASTM E 413. Field test results shall be within 5dB of the performance requirement.

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2.0 Impact Sound Insulation Field Tests

2.0.1 The performance for impact sound insulation may be verified using the procedures detailed in ISO 140: Part VII, and the field *impact insulation class* may be verified using the method described in ASTM E 989. Field test results shall be within 5dB of the performance requirement.

Acceptable Solution G6/AS1

1.0 Construction of Wall, Floor and Ceiling Assemblies

1.0.1 Sound transmission through *building elements,* shall be minimised by using one or more of the following *construction* techniques:

 a) Physical separation of *building elements* comprising each face of any wall, floor or ceiling assembly which is common to two or more *occupied spaces*.

Amend 2 Dec 1995

Amend 2

Dec 1995

- b) Use of noise control building elements.
- c) Avoidance of rigid service connections
 (e.g. in plumbing) where the reticulation
 passes through noise control *building elements* separating different occupancies.
- d) Making the noise control installation airtight by sealing all joints between *building elements*, and around penetrations and service fittings.

COMMENT:

- 1. Common walls should not be used for mounting *fixtures* and appliances which are likely to be a source of noise, e.g. telephones, TV sets, stereos, cupboards with doors, service switches.
- 2. Where the location of services in common walls and ceilings is unavoidable, they may require additional airborne and impact sound insulation in order that the *building element* achieves the performance.
- 3. Airtightness of common partition elements is important, as an unsealed air space can in some circumstances amplify, rather than reduce sound.

1.0.2 Figure 1 is a schematic presentation showing the *building elements* which require noise control between a *household unit* and the *habitable spaces* of an adjoining *household unit*.

1.0.3 *Building elements* constructed as shown in Figures 2 to 5 are an acceptable solution.

COMMENT:

- 1. Where carpet on underlay is shown in the figures, it is a requirement of the Acceptable Solution.
- 2. The glass fibre insulation shown in the figures has a density no less than 10 kg/m³.



14









Index G6/VM1 & AS1

Index G6/VM1 & AS1

All references to Verification Methods and Acceptable Solutions are preceded by **VM** or **AS** respectively.

	Building elements	
	floor/ceiling assemblies	
	floor/wall junctions	
	internal/external wall junctions	
	requiring noise control	
	wall assemblies	
	Habitable spaces	
Amend 2 Dec 1995	Household units	
	Impact insulation class	
Amend 2 Dec 1995	Occupied spaces	
	Rigid service connections	
	Sound insulation tests	
	Sound transmission class	