

Acceptable Solutions and Verification Methods

For New Zealand Building Code Clause **G11 Gas as an Energy Source**



Status of Verification Methods and Acceptable Solutions

Verification Methods and Acceptable Solutions are prepared by the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment in accordance with section 22 of the Building Act 2004. Verification Methods and Acceptable Solutions are for use in establishing compliance with the New Zealand Building Code.

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Defined words (italicised in the text) and classified uses are explained in Clauses A1 and A2 of the Building Code and in the Definitions at the start of this document.

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New Zealand Government

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Document Status

The most recent version of this document (Amendment 5), as detailed in the Document History, is approved by the Chief Executive of the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment. It is effective from 14 February 2014 and supersedes all previous versions of this document.

The previous version of this document (Amendment 4) will cease to have effect on 14 August 2014.

People using this document should check for amendments on a regular basis. The Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment may amend any part of any Verification Method or Acceptable Solution at any time. Up-to-date versions of Verification Methods and Acceptable Solutions are available from www.dbh.govt.nz

	Date	Alterations	
First published	July 1992		
Amendment 1	September 1993	p. vi, References	
Reprinted incorporating Amendment 1	October 1994		
Amendment 2	28 February 1998	pp. i and ii, Document History p. vi, References p. 3, 1.2.2	p. 4, 5.0.1 p. 5, 9.0.1
Amendment 3	23 June 2007	p. 2, Document History, Status p. 5, Contents b. 7, References p. 9 Definitions	p. 13, 1.2.1, 1.3, 1.4 p. 14, 5.0.1 p. 15, 9.0, 9.0.1 p. 17, Index
Amendment 4	Effective com 30 September 2010 until 14 February 2014	b. 2, topo nen matery, Statusb. 5, Carrentsc. 7, References	
Reprinted incorporating Amendments 1–4	30 September 2010		
Amendment 5	14 February 2014	p. 2A, Document History, Status p. 7, References p. 9 Definitions	pp. 13, 14, 15, G11/AS1 1.2.2 1.3.2, 5.0.1, 8.0.1, 9.0.1

New Zealand Building Code Clause G11 Gas as an Energy Source

This Clause is extracted from the New Zealand Building Code contained in the First Schedule of the Building Regulations 1992.

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Building Regulations 1992

1992/150

FIRST SCHEDULE—continued

Clause G11—GAS AS AN ENERGY SOURCE

Provisions

OBJECTIVE

G11.1 The objective of this provision is to:

- (a) Safeguard people from injury arising from the use of gas as an energy source,
- (b) Safeguard people and other property from the risk of fire or explosion, and
- (c) Safeguard people from loss of amenity due to the gas supply being inadequate for the interded use.

FUN FLONAL PROPERTY

Gille In wildings where gas in used as an energy source, the supply system hall be as an adequate for its intended use.

PERFORMANCE

G11.3.1 Supply systems shall be constructed to maintain a safe pressure range appropriate to the appliances and the type of gas used.

G11.3.2 The gas supply to all appliances in a single ventilated space, shall be fitted with an automatic cut-off activated by failure of any continuous forced ventilation system used for combustion, ventilation or safe operation of a fixed gas appliance.

G11.3.3 A flued fixed gas appliance shall have no adverse interaction with any other flued appliance.

G11.3.4 Supply systems shall have isolation devices which permit the whole installation, or individual items of apparatus, to be isolated from the supply for maintenance, testing, fault detection or repair.

Limits on application

ived

1992/150

Building Regulations 1992

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FIRST SCHEDULE—continued

Provisions

Limits on application

G11.3.5 Where gas is supplied from an external source, the supply system within *buildings* shall be constructed to avoid the likelihood of:

- (a) Contamination of the external supply from other gas sources within the *building*,
- (b) Adverse effects on the pressure of the external supply, and
- (c) The external supply pipe acting as an earthing conductor.

G11.3.6 The location and installation of meters and service risers shall meet the requirements of the *network utility operator*.

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References

For the purposes of New Zealand Building Code compliance, the acceptable New Zealand and other Standards, and other documents referred to in this Verification Method and Acceptable Solution (primary reference documents) shall be the editions, along with their specific amendments, listed below. Where the primary reference documents refer to other Standards or other documents (secondary reference documents), which in turn may also refer to other Standards or other documents, and so on (lower order reference documents), then the applicable version of these secondary and lower order reference documents shall be the version in effect at the date this Verification Method and Acceptable Solution were published.

Amend 5 Feb 2014

Amend 3 Jun 2007 Amend 5 Feb 2014

Standards New Zealand

AS/NZS 5601.1: 2010 Gas installations

Part 1 General installations

Amend 1

Where quoted

AS1 1.2.2, 1.3.2, 5.0.1, 9.0.1

Amend 3 Jun 2007

Amends 4 and 5

Definitions

Amend 3 Jun 2007

This is an abbreviated list of definitions for words or terms particularly relevant to this Verification Method and Acceptable Solution. The definitions for any other italicised words may be found in the New Zealand Building Code Handbook.

Amend 5 Feb 2014

Adequate Adequate to achieve the objectives of the building code.

Amend 3 Jun 2007 **Building** has the meaning ascribed to it by Sections 8 and 9 of the Building Act 2004.

Contaminant has the meaning ascribed to it by the Resource Management Act 1991.

Amend 3 Jun 2007 **Escape route** A continuous unobstructed route from any *occupied space* in a *building* to a *final exit* to enable occupants to reach a *safe place*, and shall comprise one or more of the following *open paths*, *protected paths* and *safe paths*.

COMMENT:

Amend 5 Feb 2014 Doors are not obstructions in an *escape route* provided they comply with C/AS1–C/AS7 and D1/AS1.

Flame safeguard system A system consisting of a flame detector(s) plus associated circuitry, integral components, valves and interlocks the function of which is to mut of the fuel supply to the purpose (s) in the even of ignition failure or flame failure.

Flue The passage through which the products of combustion are conveyed to the outside air.

Intended use in relation to a *building*:

- a) includes any or all of the following:
 - i) Any reasonably foreseeable occasional other use that is not incompatible with the *intended* use; and
 - ii) Normal maintenance; and
 - iii) Activities taken in response to fire or any other reasonably foreseeable emergency
- b) but does not include any other maintenance and repairs or rebuilding.

Lock-out The safety shut down condition of the control system such that re-start cannot be accomplished without manual resetting.

Over-pressure protection Devices preventing the pressure in piping or appliances from exceeding a predetermined value.

Regulator A device which automatically regulates the pressure or volume of the gas passing through it to a predetermined level.

Safe path That part of an *exitway* which is protected from the effects of *fire* by *fire* separations, external walls, or by distance when exposed to open air.

Amend 3 Jun 2007

Town gas A manufactured gas.



Amend 3

Verification Method G11/VM1

No specific test methods have been adopted for verifying compliance with the Performance of NZBC G11.

Acceptable Solution G11/AS1

Amends

This Acceptable Solution relates essentially to gas appliances. It should be read in conjunction with G10/AS1, which deals with piping reticulation.

1.0 Pipe Sizing

1.1 Pressure ranges

- **1.1.1** Pipes shall be sized to maintain the pressure at any appliance inlet, when all appliances are in use, at no less than:
- 0.75 kPa for town gas,
- 1.13 kPa for natural gas, or
- 2.75 kPa for LPG.

1.2 Pressures less than 1.5 kPa

- **1.2.1** Where the meter outlet pressure does not exceed 1.5 kPa, and when all appliances on the supply are operating, the pressure drop between the meter outlet (or *regulator* outlet if no meter is installed), and any appliance, shall be no more than 0.075 kPa for either *town gas* or natural gas.
- **1.2.2** Acceptable methods for sizing poes are given in A //N S 56020, so tion 122. Appendix F.

Amend 5 Feb 2014

1.3 Pressures greater than 1.5kPa

1.3.1 Where the meter outlet pressure exceeds 1.5 kPa, and when all appliances on the supply are operating, the maximum pressure drop between the meter outlet (or *regulator* outlet if no meter is installed), and any appliance, shall be no more than 10% of the operating pressure.

Amend 3 Jun 2007

Amend 5 Feb 2014 **1.3.2** Acceptable methods for sizing pipes are given in AS/NZS 5601.1, section 5.2 and Appendix F.

1.4 Flow velocities

1.4.1 Flow velocities shall be no more than:

Amend 3

- a) 45 metres per second for supplies filtered to give a 5 micron maximum particle size.
- b) 20 metres per second for unfiltered supplies.

COMMENT:

The lower flow velocity for unfiltered supplies is necessary to protect the *regulator* from abrasive wear by any impurities.

2.0 Pressure Regulation

2.1 Regulators

- **2.1.1** *Regulators* shall be fitted to the supply pipe when:
- a) Any appliance in the *building* is not fitted with its own *regulator*, and the supply pressure can exceed:
 - .5 coor torms and natural gas, or 3.5 station L. G.
- b) Appliance regulators are fitted to all appliances but the supply pressure may exceed the maximum rated inlet pressure of any appliance regulator.

3.0 Over-pressure Protection

3.1 Safety devices

- **3.1.1** Over-pressure protection shall be fitted if an appliance **regulator** inlet pressure exceeds 7 kPa or where:
- a) The regulator inlet pressure exceeds the pressure rating of downstream equipment, or
- b) The *regulator* outlet pressure is less than 70% of the inlet pressure.

- **3.1.2** The *over-pressure protection* device shall limit the pressure downstream of the *regulator* to:
- a) No greater than the rated working pressure of the downstream equipment, and
- b) No greater than 35% above the normal operating pressure.

4.0 Pipework Installation

4.0.1 G10/AS1 Piped Services is an acceptable solution for the installation of pipework to supply gas as an energy source.

5.0 Flues

5.1 Flue materials

Amends 3 and 5 **5.0.1** Materials for *flues* shall comply with AS/NZS 5601.1, section 6.7.

5.2 Safety devices

- **5.2.1** Where flueing is dependent on the operation of an extractor in:
- a) A safety device shall be litted to be the flow of gas to to but er it insurficient draught is provided and
- b) Appliances connected to the *flue* shall be fitted with a *safety shut-off system*.

5.3 Fire dampers

5.3.1 Automatic fire dampers fitted to combustion air ducts shall be interlocked with the gas supply to the appliance, in a way that shuts off that supply when the damper is closed.

6.0 Automatic Extinguishers

- **6.0.1** Appliances installed beneath automatic fire extinguishers that could, when operating, extinguish the appliance flame, shall be provided with:
- a) A 100% shut-off *flame safeguard system*, or
- b) Systems which shut-off and *lock-out* the gas supply system when the automatic extinguisher operates.

7.0 Protection of Supply

7.1 Gas contamination

- **7.1.1** One of the following types of protective device shall be fitted to prevent air, oxygen or other gases from entering the gas supply systems:
- a) Non-return valves.
- b) Three-way valves that completely close one side before opening the other.
- c) Reverse flow detectors that control positive shut-off valves.
- d) Normally closed air-activated positive shutoff pressure regulators (e.g. zero regulator).
- e) A flame safeguard system.
- **7.1.2** Protective devices shall be installed as close as possible to the point at which *contaminants* could be introduced.
- 7.1.3 Gas and air combustion mixers incorporating double diaphragm zero reguletors require no further protection against gas contamination unless directly connected to air pay ten or other stances gas es which others at any sames above 7 kPa

7.2 Low pressure

- **7.2.1** Protection against dangerously low pressures generated at the meter by the operation of equipment, such as gas compressors or gas engines shall be achieved by the installation of a suitable *lock-out* protective device between the meter and the equipment.
- **7.2.2** Mechanically or electrically operated diaphragm low pressure shut-off valves with a manual reset are acceptable.

8.0 Gas Meter Location

- 8.0.1 Gas meters shall not be located in:
- a) A liftwell or lift machine room,
- b) A space containing electrical switch gear,
- c) Vertical safe path or riser ducts, or
- d) A position that obstructs escape routes in the event of an emergency. (See C/AS1– C/AS7 for other escape routes requirements.)

Amend 5 Feb 2014

Amend 3 Jun 2007

Amend 5 Feb 2014

> Amend 2 Feb 1998

9.0 Another Acceptable Solution

9.0.1 AS/NZS 5601.1, Sections 1, 3, 4, 5, 6 and Appendices A–M is another Acceptable Solution to Paragraphs 1.0 to 8.0.

Index G11/VM1 & AS1

All references to Verification Methods and Acceptable Solutions are preceded by **VM** or **AS** respectively.

Jun 2007	Another Acceptable Solution	AS1 9.0
	Automatic extinguishers	AS1 6.0
Amend 3 Jun 2007	Flues	AS1 5.0
	fire dampers	AS1 5.3
	materials	AS1 5.1
	safety devices	AS1 8.0
	Gas meter location	AS1 8.0
	Over-pressure protection	AS1 3.0
	Pipe sizing	AS1 1.0
	pressure ranges	AS1 1.1
	flow velocities	AS1 1.4
	pressures above 1.5 kPa	AS1 1.3
	pressures below 1.5 kPa	AS1 1.2
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