### Compliance Document for New Zealand Building Code Clause G1 Personal Hygiene – Second Edition

Prepared by the Department of Building and Housing

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Defined words (italicised in the text) and classified uses are explained in Clauses A1 of the Building Code and in the Definitions at the start of this Compliance Document.

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Note: Page numbers relate to the document at the time of Amendment and may not match page numbers in current document.

#### **Document Status**

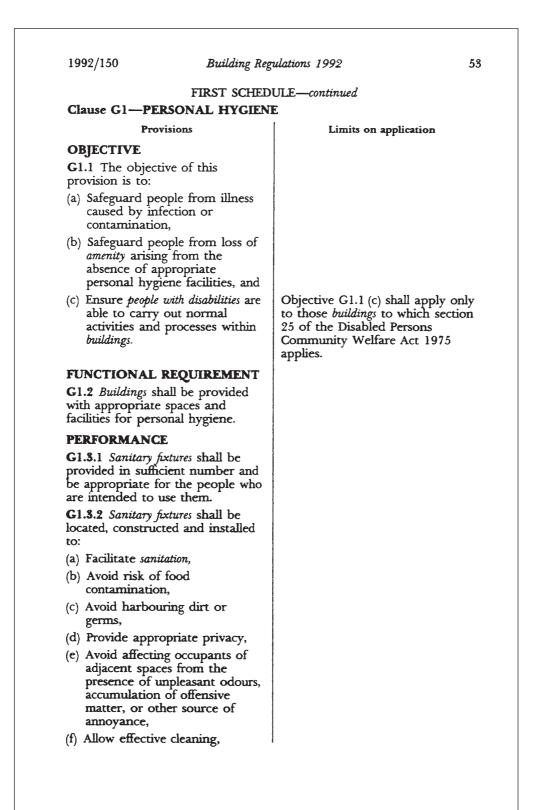
The most recent version of this document, as detailed in the Document History, is approved by the Chief Executive of the Department of Building and Housing. It is effective from 11 July 2007 and supersedes all previous versions of this document.

People using this Compliance Document should check for amendments on a regular basis. The Department of Building and Housing may amend any part of any Compliance Document at any time. Up-to-date versions of Compliance Documents are available from www.dbh.govt.nz

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### New Zealand Building Code Clause G1 Personal Hygiene

The mandatory provisions for building work are contained in the New Zealand Building Code (NZBC), which comprises the First Schedule to the Building Regulations 1992. The relevant NZBC Clause for Personal Hygiene is G1. Note that section 25 of the Disabled Persons Community Welfare Act 1975 has been replaced by section 47A of the Building Act 1991.



# 

54	Building Reg	ulations 1992	1992/150
	FIRST SCHED	ULE—continued	
	Provisions	Limits on applic	ation
drainage Clause ( water-bo and	ge to a plumbing and system as required by G13 "Foul Water" when orne disposal is used,		
system v disposal			
G1.3.3 Faci hygiene sha convenient	lities for personal ll be provided in locations.		
<b>G1.3.4</b> Pers provided fo shall be <i>acce</i>	sonal hygiene facilities r people with disabilities essible.	Performance G1.3.4 sh apply to Housing, Outbu Ancillary buildings, and buildings where no mor people are employed.	uildings, 10 Industrial

Contents G1/VM1 & AS1



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References G1/VM1 & AS1

### References



For the purposes of New Zealand Building Code compliance, the acceptable New Zealand and other Standards, and other documents referred to in this Compliance Document (primary reference documents) shall be the editions, along with their specific amendments, listed below. Where the primary reference documents refer to other Standards or other documents (secondary reference documents), which in turn may also refer to other Standards or other documents, and so on (lower order reference documents), then the applicable version of these secondary and lower order reference documents shall be the version in effect at the date this Compliance Document was published.

Amend 5 Jun 2007

			Where quoted
	Standards New Ze	aland	
	NZS 3331: 1972	Specification for quality of vitreous china sanitary appliances	AS1 2.6.1
Amend 4 Jul 2001	NZS 4121: 2001	Design for access and mobility – Buildings and associated facilities	AS1 4.2.7
	Standards Australi	a	
	AS 1449: 1994	Wrought alloy steels – Stainless and heat-resisting steel plate, sheet and strip Amend: 1	AS1 2.3.4, 2.6.1
	AS 3588: 1989	Shower bases and shower modules	AS1 2.6.1
	Standards Australi	a/New Zealand	
	AS/NZS 1730: 1996	Washbasins	AS1 2.6.1
	AS/NZS 2023: 1995	Baths for ablutionary purposes	AS1 2.6.1

#### Definitions G1/VM1 & AS1

### Definitions



Amend 5 Jun 2007 This is an abbreviated list of definitions for words or terms particularly relevant to this Compliance Document. The definitions for any other italicised words may be found in the New Zealand Building Code Handbook.

Amend 5 Jun 2007	Access route A continuous route that permits people and goods to move between the apron or construction edge of the <i>building</i> to spaces within a <i>building</i> , and between spaces within a <i>building</i> .
Amend 5 Jun 2007	<b>Accessible</b> Having features to permit use by a <i>person with a disability.</i>
Amend 5 Jun 2007 Amend 5 Jun 2007	continuous route that can be negotiated unaided by a wheelchair user. The route shall extend from street boundary or car parking area to those spaces within the <i>building</i> required to be <i>accessible</i> to enable
Jun 2007	activities and processes within the <i>building</i> .
Amend 5 Jun 2007	<b>Building</b> has the meaning ascribed to it by Sections 8 and 9 of the Building Act 2004.
	<b>Fixture</b> An article intended to remain permanently attached to and form part of a <i>building</i> .
	Habitable space A space used for activities normally associated with domestic living, but excludes any bathroom, laundry, water- closet, pantry, walk-in wardrobe, corridor, hallway, lobby, clothes-drying room, or other space of a specialised nature occupied neither frequently nor for extended periods.
	Household unit
	<ul> <li>a) means any <i>building</i> or group of <i>buildings</i>, or part of a <i>building</i> or group of <i>buildings</i>, that is:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>i) used, or intended to be used, only or mainly for residential purposes; and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>ii) occupied, or intended to be occupied, exclusively as the home or residence of not more than one household; but</li> </ul>
Amend 5	b) does not include a hostel, boarding house

Amend 5 Jun 2007

- Impervious That which does not allow the passage of moisture.
- Person with a disability means a person who has an impairment or a combination of impairments that limits the extent to which the person can engage in the activities, pursuits and processes of everyday life, including, without limitation, any of the following:
- a) a physical, sensory, neurological, or

b) a mental illness.

the waste.

- Privacy The situation of being withdrawn
- from view. **Privy** A private room containing a receptacle (other than a WC) or an excavation for excreted liquid or solid human waste, and with a means of disposal or containment of

Sanitary fixture Any fixture which is intended to be used for *sanitation*.

- Sanitation The term used to describe the activities of washing and/or excretion carried out in a manner or condition such that the effect on health is minimised, with regard to dirt and infection.
- Soil fixture A sanitary fixture constructed to receive solid and/or liquid excreted human waste. It includes bedpan disposal units, slop sinks, urinals, water closet pans, and water-flushed sanitary towel disposal units.

Amend Jul 2001

Amend 5

Jun 2007

Unisex facilities Facilities available for use by either sex.

#### COMMENT:

Unisex facilities may also be described as both gender facilities.

or other specialised accommodation.

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Verification Method G1/VM1



### Verification Method G1/VM1

No specific test methods have been approved for verifying compliance with the performance of NZBC G1.

### Acceptable Solution G1/AS1

#### 1.0 Number and Type of Sanitary Fixtures

#### 1.1 General

**1.1.1** Sanitary facilities are required in occupied *buildings*.

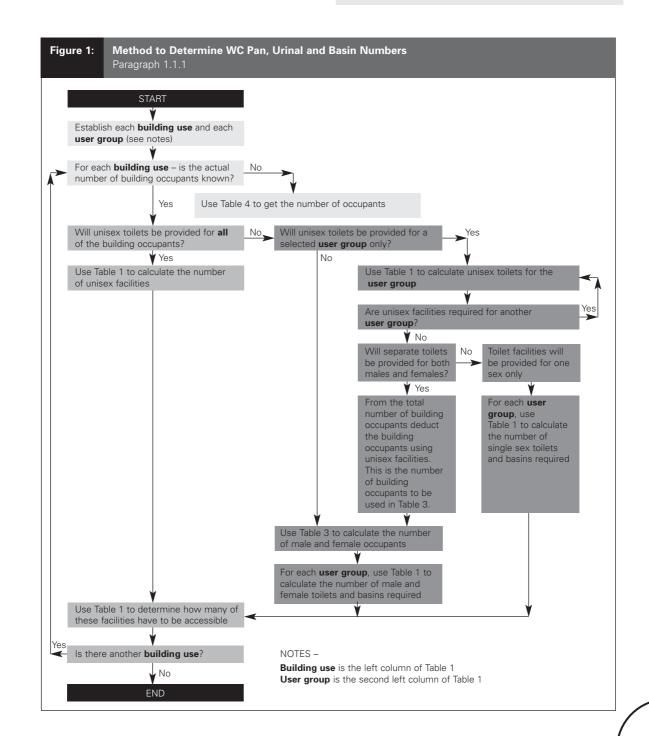
Amend 5 Jun 2007 **1.1.2** WC pans and basins are required in any *building* where people:

a) live or are accommodated

#### COMMENT:

Examples may include, but are not necessarily limited to: a dwelling, holiday cottage, boarding house, attached dwelling, flat, multi-unit apartment, commune, marae, boarding house, hall of residence, holiday cabin, hostel, hotel, motel, nurses' home, retirement village, timeshare accommodation, work camp, camping ground, hospital, old people's home, health camp, borstal, drug rehabilitation centre, old people's home where substantial care is extended, and a prison.

Amend 5 Jun 2007





or

#### b) work

#### COMMENT:

Examples may include, but are not necessarily limited to: staff facilities in all buildings.

or

c) eat food or drink on the premises

#### COMMENT:

Examples may include, but are not necessarily limited to: coffee bars, tea rooms, restaurants, bars and nightclubs.

or

d) assemble

#### COMMENT:

Examples may include, but are not necessarily limited to: a church, cinema, clubroom, hall, museum, public swimming pool, stadium, theatre, whare runanga, early childhood centre, college, day care institution, centre for handicapped people, kindergarten, school, university or transport terminal.

#### COMMENT:

People who purchase food or drink to take away and customers of commercial and industrial businesses are not required to be included when calculating the number of sanitary facilities to be provided.

**1.1.3** Toilet facilities for males must contain WC pans and basins and may contain urinals.

**1.1.4** Showers or baths are required for buildings where:

- a) People live or are accommodated
- b) People engage in active recreation
- c) Children under the age of five are supervised or educated
- d) People work in occupations where they get dirty and require showers before leaving work.

**1.1.5** The number of *sanitary fixtures* for the uses in Paragraphs 1.1.2, 1.1.3 and 1.1.4 is calculated for:

- a) WC pans, urinals and basins use Figure 1, Table 1, Table 3 and Table 4.
- Amend 5 Jun 2007
- b) Baths and showers use Table 2.

**1.1.6** Provision of *sanitary fixtures* including those facilities for *persons with disabilities* are given in Tables 1 and 2.

**1.1.7** Where separate facilities are provided, the male facility may include urinals.

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Amend 5

**1.1.8** Where *unisex facilities* are provided, they shall:

- a) Be located in a self contained compartment offering full *privacy* by way of full height doors and walls,
- b) Contain a WC pan, basin, sanitary towel disposal equipment (where required), but no urinal, and
- c) Be located so that access is not via an area restricted to one sex.

#### 1.2 Sanitary towel disposal

**1.2.1** In *buildings*, other than housing and those used exclusively by preadolescents, sanitary facilities for females shall have provision for sanitary towel disposal by either:

- a) Installing incinerators, macerators or similar disposal equipment, or
- b) Providing space for a portable disposal system.

#### COMMENT:

Under the Health and Safety in Employment Regulations 1995, sanitary towel disposal equipment (either fixed or portable) must be provided in sanitary facilities used by females.

**1.2.2** The location of sanitary towel disposal equipment shall not impede access for *people with disabilities* and shall be located:

- a) Where separate female facilities are provided: within the facility to serve one or more toilet cubicles, or
- b) Where *unisex facilities* are provided: in each toilet cubicle.

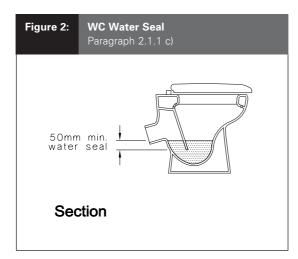


### 2.0 Fixture Construction and Installation

#### 2.1 WC pans

**2.1.1** A WC system shall be firmly fixed in place and have:

- a) An *impervious*, easily cleaned surface finish (e.g. glazed earthenware or stainless steel),
- b) Sufficient water trap volume to contain excreta from normal usage,
- c) A minimum water seal depth of 50 mm (see Figure 2),
- d) A pan which will not overflow during a single flush even if the outlet blocks,
- e) A watertight flexible joint connecting the WC to a discharge pipe. The joint must be above floor level, and within the room containing the WC, and
- f) A flushing apparatus capable of clearing all normal faecal matter from the pan in a single flush, and of delivering a full flush within 2 minutes of the previous usage.



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#### 2.2 Flushing systems

**2.2.1** Flushing systems for *sanitary fixtures* shall use either cisterns or flushing valves.

**2.2.2** Cisterns may be of the dual flush, 2 button type providing the choice of a full flush or a half flush.

**2.2.3** Flushing valves shall have backflow prevention complying with G12/AS1, and a water supply capable of supplying several flushes in rapid succession. The capacity should be related to the nature and usage of the *building*.

#### 2.3 Urinals

**2.3.1** A urinal may be of the stall, continuous wall, trough or bowl type.

**2.3.2** Any urinal shall have at its base a channel or trough of sufficient size to receive all fluids discharging into it. The channel shall drain to a trap at the lowest point where fluids shall enter a discharge pipe through a domed grate. The grate shall have openings with a total area at least that of the discharge pipe, and be securely fixed but removable for maintenance access (see Figure 3).

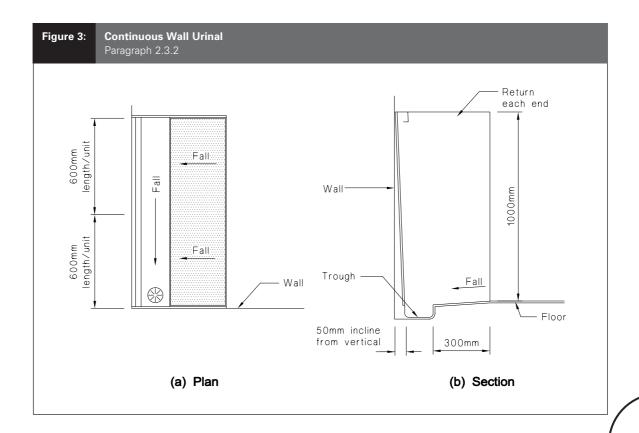
**2.3.3** Wall hung bowl or trough urinals shall have the front lip height above the floor or step, no more than 600 mm for men and no more than 400 mm for boys. The back surface of the urinal must extend at least 450 mm above the front lip level.

**2.3.4** Urinals shall have *impervious*, easily cleaned surfaces (e.g. glazed ceramic ware or stainless steel). Stainless steel urinals are to be constructed of 1.2 mm minimum sheet thickness of grade AS 1449/304 or when located in the outside air or a marine environment, the grade is to be AS 1449/316.

**2.3.5** Urinal flushing apparatus shall clean the whole urinal surface and deliver a minimum of 2.5 litres of water per flush to each stall, bowl or 600 mm length of urinal wall.

**2.3.6** A urinal flushing system shall have the cistern outlet at least 450 mm above the sparge pipe and comply with Table 5.

**2.3.7** A flushing valve is also acceptable for urinals provided the water supply complies with Table 5 and backflow prevention complies with NZBC G12.





**2.3.8** Manually operated flushing systems shall have the operating control located no more than 1.3 m above the floor.

#### 2.4 Bidets

#### 2.4.1 Bidets shall:

- a) Be firmly fixed in place, and
- b) Have an *impervious*, easily cleaned surface finish (e.g. glazed earthenware or stainless steel), and
- c) Be either over-rim feed type or submersible spray type, and
- d) Satisfy the provisions of NZBC G12 for backflow prevention.

#### 2.5 Showers

**2.5.1** Showers using either a shower tray or a level threshold shall satisfy the provisions of E3/AS1 Internal Moisture.

#### 2.6 Acceptable standards

**2.6.1** *Sanitary fixtures* construction shall comply with the relevant parts of the following standards:

- AS 1449 Wrought alloy steels Stainless and heat-resisting steel plate, sheet and strip.
- AS 3588 Shower bases and shower modules.
- AS/NZS 2023 Baths for ablutionary purposes.
- AS/NZS 1730 Washbasins.
- NZS 3331 Specification for quality of vitreous china sanitary appliances.

#### 3.0 Location of Sanitary Fixtures

**3.0.1** Other NZBC Clauses relevant to the installation of *sanitary fixtures* are:

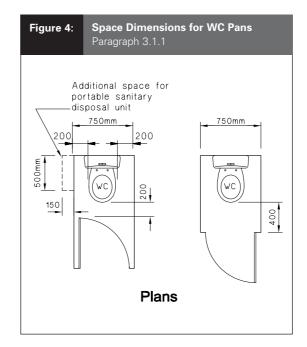
E3 "Internal Moisture", for overflow and water splash requirements,

G4 "Ventilation",

- G12 "Water supplies", and
- G13 "Foul water".

#### 3.1 Space dimensions

**3.1.1** Space containing *soil fixtures* shall be separated from *habitable spaces*. WC pans shall be located in spaces having dimensions of no less than those shown in Figure 4.



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#### 3.2 Access to food and work areas

**3.2.1** In *household units*, at least one door shall be provided between a *soil fixture* and a kitchen or a place for food storage.

**3.2.2** In *buildings* other than *household units*, no space containing a *soil fixture* shall open directly into:

- a) A space used for the storage, preparation, sale or consumption of food, see Figure 10, or
- b) An office or other work areas (as in factories), see Figure 10.

#### 3.3 Basins

**3.3.1** Basins shall be located in spaces containing a *soil fixture*, or in an immediately adjacent space. However, where only a single door is provided between the *soil fixture* space and a kitchen in *household units* (see Paragraph 3.2.1), a basin shall be provided within the *soil fixture* space.

#### COMMENT:

- 1. The essential requirement is the provision of a basin with cold water immediately available to users of *soil fixtures* particularly before handling food. While perhaps preferable, it is often not required or practical to supply hot water in some places such as roadside rest areas.
- 2. It is not acceptable for the kitchen sink to be used as a hand basin.

#### 3.4 Communal sanitary fixtures

**3.4.1** *Sanitary fixtures* may be located in *buildings* separate from other accommodation. The length of travel shall be convenient taking account of the type and usage of the *fixtures*.

**3.4.2** In camping grounds *sanitary fixtures* shall be located no more than 75 metres from any caravan or campsite.

#### COMMENT:

This situation applies normally to institution *buildings*, motor camps, caravan parks, maraes, outdoor pursuits centres, schools and military bases, but may apply to a group of dwellings.

**3.4.3** *Sanitary fixtures* for group dwellings shall be conveniently located for all occupants.

#### 4.0 People with Disabilities

#### 4.1 Access

**4.1.1** Sanitary fixtures for people with disabilities shall be signposted as required by NZBC F8 "Signs" and located on an accessible route as required by NZBC D1 "Access Routes".

#### 4.2 Number of facilities

**4.2.1** Sanitary facilities for *people with disabilities* shall be provided in accordance with Tables 1 and 2. In large *buildings* having more than 300 occupants, where sanitary facilities are provided in groups in two or more locations, *accessible* facilities shall be included at each location for *buildings* having the following classified uses:

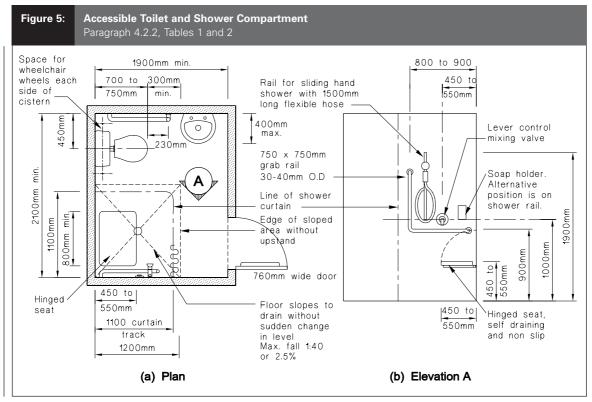
- a) Communal non-residential all *buildings* described as "assembly service", and
- b) Commercial those *buildings* that are amusement parks, shopping plazas, libraries and transport terminals.

#### COMMENT:

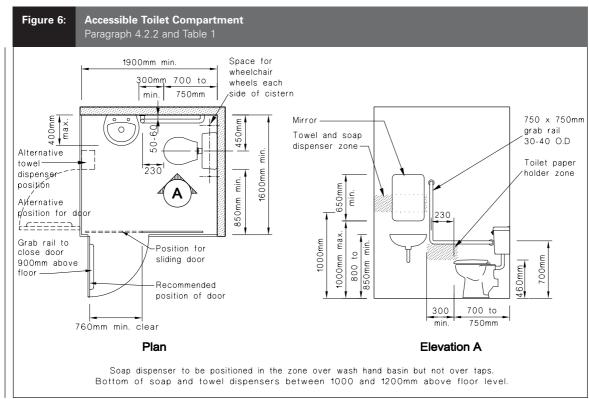
For example: a sports stadium may have groups of sanitary facilities conveniently distributed to service the seating arrangement for the users. It is essential that *people with disabilities* have the same access to facilities as other occupants.

**4.2.2** *Fixtures* and spaces for *people with disabilities* shall comply with the relevant layouts shown in Figures 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9.



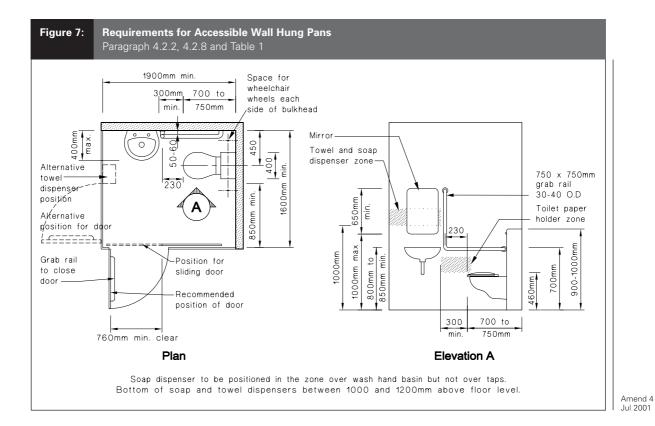


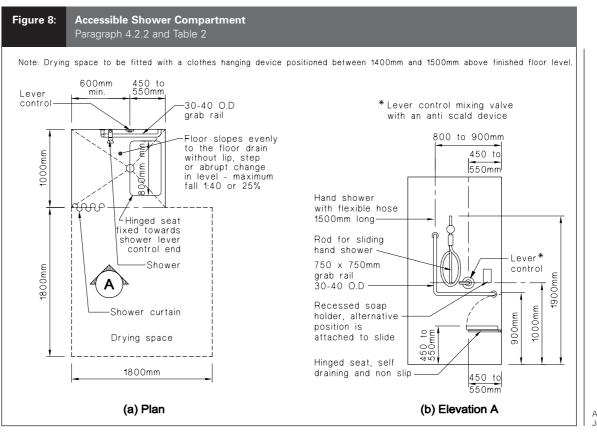
Amend 4 Jul 2001



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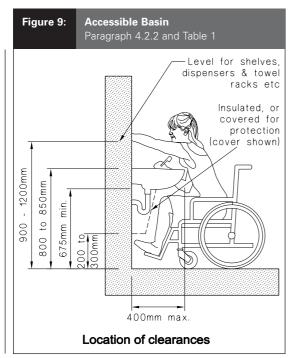






Amend 4 Jul 2001





Amend 4 Jul 2001

**4.2.3** For safety in an *accessible* shower compartment the shower slider rod, or the adjustable shower assembly integrated with the grab rail, shall be firmly fixed in place.

#### COMMENT:

Sliding rod assemblies are used by *people with disabilities* as a grab rail in an emergency and rods can come away in their hands leading to a fall.

**4.2.4** *Accessible* showers shall have a level threshold.

**4.2.5** If two or more toilet compartments are provided for wheelchair users, at least one shall have a pan of the opposite hand.

**4.2.6** The WC flushing control shall be easily operable, positioned on the centre line or approach side of the WC pan, and no higher than 1200 mm above the finished floor level. Similarly, easily operable privacy bolts (to indicate whether the toilet is occupied) shall be located no more than 1200 mm above floor level.

**4.2.7** NZS 4121 Section 10 is also an acceptable solution for *people with disabilities*.

Amend 4 Jul 2001

**4.2.8** Where there is a wall hung pan or a concealed cistern, full access is required each side of the WC pan, as detailed in Figure 7, to allow for wheel-over access. The wall in front of a concealed cistern shall extend no less than 1.0 m above floor level to provide back support, and fold-up lid shall be provided.

#### 5.0 Non-flushing Sanitary Fixtures

**5.0.1** *Soil fixtures* that are not water flushed, such as those using chemicals or biological treatment, shall be located where they will not cause a nuisance.

#### COMMENT:

- 1. "Nuisance" is a defined term under the Health Act 1956.
- 2. Some types of non-water borne toilets may require the provision of specific ventilation.

**5.0.2** *Privies* are acceptable if located at least 3.0 m from any *building* having a classified use, other than outbuildings or ancillary buildings. Receptacles for excreta are to be constructed to exclude flies and be fitted with a hinged lid.

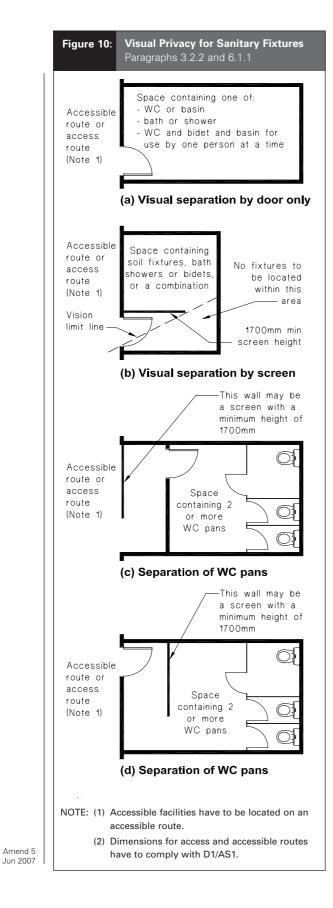
#### 6.0 Privacy

#### 6.1 Line of sight

**6.1.1** There shall be no direct line of sight between an *access route* or *accessible route* and a WC, urinal, bath, shower or bidet. See Figure 10 for acceptable layouts.

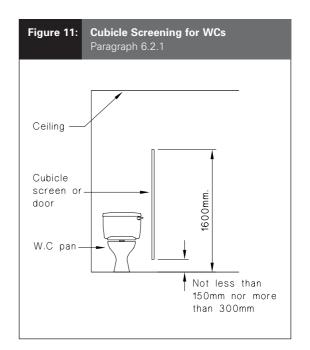
Amend 5 Jun 2007





#### 6.2 Cubicles

**6.2.1** Where a space contains more than one WC pan, each pan shall be enclosed in a separate cubicle. Screen walls and doors are acceptable with their upper edge at least 1600 mm above the floor, and their lower edge between 150 mm and 300 mm above the floor (see Figure 11).



#### 6.3 Lobbies

**6.3.1** Lobbies between the space containing sanitary facilities and general public areas are not necessary to meet privacy and line of sight requirements, but if provided:

- a) They shall be independent for each sex if the facilities are single sex or,
- b) They shall be unisex for unisex facilities.

Amend 4

Jul 2001

	-			Hou	Housing (see Notes)	lotes)					
pullang use	user group	Comb	Combination of WC pans and urinals	pans and u	Separate d urinals	Separate sex tollet facilities ils WC pans only	oner raciirties WC pans only	Basins	S	UNISEX TO	Unisex tollet racilities
		Design Occ.	Number	Design Occ.	Number	Design Occ.	Number	Design Occ.	Number	Design Occ.	Number
Detached dwellings and multi-unit dwellings	Occupants					I	-	I	-		
<b>Group dwelling</b> Marae, commune	Occupants	Provide in	Provide in accordance with Communal Residential: boardinghouse, hospitals, prisons, old people's homes.	Communal Re	sidential: boardir	ıghouse, hospi:	tals, prisons, old	people's home	Ň.		
			Ŭ	ommunal	<b>Communal Residential (see Notes)</b>	l (see Not	es)				
Building use	User group				Separate	Separate sex toilet facilities	cilities			Unisex to	Unisex toilet facilities
		Comb	Combination of WC	of WC pans and urinals	rinals	WC pa	WC pans only	Basins	S		
		WC	WC pans	Uri	Urinals						
		Design Occ.	Number	Design Occ.	Number	Design Occ.	Number	Design Occ.	Number	Design Occ.	Number
Community Service and Community Care	Female occupants					1 – 4 5 – 18	7 7	1 – 35 36 – 120	7 7	<del>.                                    </del>	-
Boardinghouses, hospitals, prisons,						× 18	add 1 per 20	>120	add 1 per 90	۲ د	c
	Male occupants	1 – 2 3 – 9 10 – 30	- α σ	1 – 50 51 – 160	<i>⊢</i> 0	1 – 2 3 – 9 10 – 19 20 – 30	← 0 0 4	1 – 20 21 – 70	7 7	8 - 14	v 0
		>30	add 1 per 10	>160	add 1 per 160	>30	add 1 per 10	>70	add 1 per 50		
	Occupants with					1 - 100 101 - 300	- 0	1 - 100 101-300	7 7	>14	add 1 per 9
	disabilities. Note 6					>300	ო	>300	ო		
	21-1-2	i opi i or									



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Table 1: Number o	Number of Sanitary Fixtures: WC Pans. Urinals	C Pans, Uri		and Basins (Cont'd)							
	1.1				l	l	l	l	l	l	
			Con	imunal No	n-resident	Communal Non-residential (see Notes)	otes)				
Building use	User group				Separate	Separate sex toilet facilities	lities			Unisex toi	Unisex toilet facilities
		Combinatio WC pans	Combination of WC pans and urinals WC pans Urinals	pans and urinal Urinals	inals ials	WC pans only	s only	Basins	us		
		Design Occ.	Number	Design Occ.	Number	Design Occ.	Number	Design Occ.	Number	Design Occ.	Number
Camping Grounds Comment: See also Camping Grounds	Female occupants					1 – 12 13 – 25 26 – 50	- 0 0	1 – 25 26 – 50	7 1		
Regulations, which contain the allocation of 3.5 people	tain Dple					51 - 75 76 - 100	0 4 Q			-	<del>, -</del>
per camp site for calculating the number of campers.	ating					>100	add 1 per 40	>50	add 1 per 50	2 – 12	5
	Male occupants	1 – 25 26 – 50	7 7	1 – 50 51 – 100	7 7	1 – 12 13 – 25	7 7	1 – 25 26 – 50	7 7	13 – 25 26 – 50	დ 4
		51 - 100	ო			26 – 50 51 – 75 76 – 100	ი 4 თ			51 – 75 76 – 100	ى ي
		>100	add 1 per 40	>100	add 1 per 50	>100	add 1 per 40	>50	add 1 per 50	>100	add 1 per 40
	People with disabilities. Note 6					1 – 100 101 – 300 >300	- 0 m	1 - 100 101 - 300 >300	.← N M		
	Staff	Provide in a	Provide in accordance with Commercial: staff facilities.	Commercial: st	aff facilities.						
Assembly Service Churches, club rooms, assembly halls, stadiums, sports venues, grandstands	Female patrons is, ands	10				1 – 15 16 – 60 61 – 120 >120	1 2 add 1 ner 70	1 - 60 61 - 200 201 - 350 >350	1 2 add 1 ner 150	1 – 10	-
	Male patrons	1 – 50 51 – 250 251 – 500 501 – 800	← 0 0 4	1 – 60 61 – 220 221 – 400	0 0 <del>7</del>	1 – 25 26 – 110 111 – 200	-	1 – 70 71 – 230 231 – 410		11 – 40 >40	2 add 1
		>800	add 1 per 350	>400	add 1 per 190	>200	add 1 per 100	>410	add 1 per 190		per 50
	Patrons with disabilities. Note 6					1 – 300 >300	7 7	1 – 300 >300	7 7		
Museums, art galleries (display areas)	All patrons	Provide in a	ccordance with	Commercial: an	nusement park,	Provide in accordance with Commercial: amusement park, shopping plaza etc.	etc.				

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# ARCHIVED

Building use Theatres, cinemas Places of active recreation, swimming pools, squash courts, gymnasiums	User group Female patrons Male patrons Male patrons Note 6 Staff Female patrons Male patrons Male patrons Male patrons Female patrons Note 6 Note 6 Note 6 Staff Female patrons	Communal Non-residential Separa       Combination of WC pans and urinals WC pans       Besign Number       Design Number     Design Numbe       0cc.     0cc.       1-15     1       16-80     2       80     add 1       >80     add 1       >20     81 - 290       2     81 - 290       2     81 - 290       2     81 - 290       2     81 - 290       2     81 - 290       2     81 - 290       2     81 - 290       2     1       1     290       2     1       1     290       2     1       2     1       2     1       2     1       2     1       2     1       2     1       2     1       2     1       2     1       2     3       2     3       2     3       2     3       3     3       3     3       3     3       3     3       3     3       3     3       3	Communal Non-residential (see Notes) - Continued Separate sex toilet facilitiesSeparate sex toilet facilitiesSeparate sex toilet facilitiesSeparate sex toilet facilitiesNumberNumberNumberNumber0cc.DesignNumber0cc.0cc.111-801281-2902add 1>60add 1per 100per 230add 1per 100per 7001281-2902add 1>60add 1per 1001-101281-2902add 1>50add 1per 1001-101281-2902add 1>50add 1per 1001-101281-2902add 1>503add 1>100111-5033181-32033181-3203311-50111-20111-2011110111111111111111111111111111111111111<	fential (se anals nals Separate nals Number Number 2 add 1 per 230 per 230 add 1 2 3 add 1 per 150 per	Intial (see Notes) - Continuential separate sex toilet facilities         Continuential sector           Separate sex toilet facilities         WC pans onlocinal sector           Number         Design         Nur           Occ.         11-50         2           add 1         >500         2           Per 230         11-60         2           add 1         >100         1           2         31-120         3           add 1         >150         2           Add 1         >150         2           Add 1         >100         2	Ates)         Continue           Number         Continue           Number         1           Sign         Number           -50         2           -50         2           -60         2           -60         2           -60         2           -60         2           -60         2           -60         2           -60         2           -60         2           -60         2           -70         2           -120         3           -120         3           -120         3           -120         3           -120         3           -150         3           -150         3           -150         3           -150         3           -150         3           -150         3           -150         3           -150         3           -150         3           -150         3           -150         3           -150         3           -150         3	<b>Basins</b> <b>Basins</b> <b>Basins</b> <b>Basins</b> <b>Basins</b> <b>Basins</b> <b>C</b> <b>C</b> <b>C</b> <b>C</b> <b>C</b> <b>C</b> <b>C</b> <b>C</b>	Ins Numbe Numbe Numbe Numbe add 1 Per 170 Per 170 Per 170 Per 170 Per 140 Per 140 Per 140	Number Number add 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
<b>Assembly Care</b> Early childhood centres	Note b Students						1 - 40 41 - 150 151 - 270	← 0 0	
Schools, universities	Staff and Estudents	Provide in accordance with Commercial: staff facilities.	h Commercial: sta	ff facilities.			>2/0	add 1 per 130	



Table 1:       Number of Sa         Paragraph 1.1	Number of Sanitary Fixtures: WC Pans, Urinals and Basins <i>(Cont'd)</i> Paragraph 1.1	VC Pans, Ur	inals and Ba	sins (Cont'd)							
				Comm	Commercial (see Notes)	Notes)					
Building use	User group				Separate	Separate sex toilet facilities	cilities			Unisex toilet facilities	et facilit
		Combii WC p	ination of WC pans	Combination of WC pans and urinals WC pans Urinals	inals als	WC p	WC pans only	Ba	Basins		
		Design Occ.	Number	Design Occ.	Number	Design Occ.	Number	Design Occ.	Number	Design Occ.	Number
Staff facilities for: offices, banks, shops, hotels, bars	Female staff					1 – 10 11 – 50	7 7	1 – 70 71 – 250	7 - 7	1 - 5	-
and any other building use * Refer Note 5						51 - 90 >90	3 add 1 per 60	>250	add 1 per 200		
	Male staff	1 – 10 11 – 60 61 – 120	− 0 0	1 – 150 151 – 550	7 7	1 – 10 11 – 50 51 – 110	- 0 m	1 – 70 71 – 250	7 7 7	6 - 30	2
		>120	add 1 per 80	>550	add 1 per 450	>110	add 1 per 70	>250	add 1 per 200	>30	add 1 per 40
	Staff with disabilities. Note 6				-	1 – 300 > 300	2	1 – 300 >300	0		
Amusement parks, shopping plaza, libraries, transport terminals * Boter Note 5	Female patrons					1 - 50 51 - 240 241 - 480 481 - 750	← 0 m <	1 – 350 351 – 1150	~ ∩ →	1 – 35 26 – 165	← c
						>750	add 1 per 250	>1150	add 1 per 850		۷
	Male patrons	1 - 50 51 - 250 251 - 500	← 0 m •	1 – 500 501 – 1700	7 7	1 – 75 76 – 330 331 – 650	- ← ∩ m	1 – 280 281 – 950	0	166 – 320	ო
		008 - 103	4 add 1 per 350	>1700	add 1 per 1400	>650	add 1 per 350	>950	add 1 per 700	>320	add 1 per 200
	Patrons with disabilities. Note 6					1 – 300 >300	7 - 0	1 – 300 >300	7 - 7		- - -
Coffee bars, tea rooms, restaurants, bars, nicht clubs	Female patrons					1 – 15 16 – 90 91 – 170	← 0 0	1 – 120 121 – 380	7 7	1 - 5	←
* Refer Note 5						>170	add 1 per 100	>380	add 1 per 290	6 – 40	2
	Male patrons	1 – 15 16 – 80	7 7	1 – 100 101 – 340 341 – 600	- 0 M	1 – 15 16 – 65 66 – 135 136 – 200	0 0 4	1 – 70 71 – 250	7 77	41 – 80	ო
		>80	add 1 per 100	>600	add 1 per 280	>200	add 1 per 80	>250	add 1 per 200	>80	add 1 per 50
	Patrons with disabilities. Note 6		-		-	1 – 300 >300	0	1 – 300 >300	0		-

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DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING AND HOUSING

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### ARCHIVED

Patrons with disabilities. Note 6

Clubble 1     Number of Samitary Fixtures. WCPans, Urinals and Basins (Control Baggion 11.     Industrial (See Note)       Exagation 11.     Industrial (See Note)     Industrial (See Note)       Ending use     User group     Vorc pans     Separate sex voluter facilities       Ending use     User group     Vorc pans     Number     Design     Number       Ending use     User group     Vorc pans     Vorc pans     Vorc pans     Vorc pans     Vorc pans       Ending use     Endine static     Vorc pans     Vorc pans     Vorc pans     Vorc pans     Vorc pans     Vorc pans       Endine splans     Endine static     Vorc pans     Vorc pans     Vorc pans     Vorc pans     Vorc pans       Endine splans     Endine static     Vorc pans     Vorc pans     Vorc pans     Vorc pans     Vorc pans       Endine static     Endine static     Vorc pans     Vorc pans     Vorc pans     Vorc pans     Vorc pans       Main static     Endine static     Endine static     Endine static     Endine static     Vorc pans       Main static     Endine static     Endine static     Endine static     Endine static     Endine static       Main static     Endine static     Endine static     Endine static     Endine static     Endine static       Main static     <
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# **COMMENT:**

Example for separate toilet facilities: Using unisex facilities, 100 patrons at a coffee bar require 4 facilities. Using unisex facilities, 8 staff of a coffee bar require 2 facilities.

# COMMENT:

Example for shared toilet facilities: Using unisex facilities, 100 patrons at a coffee bar require 4 facilities. Using unisex facilities, 8 staff of a coffee bar require 1 facility based on >30 add 1 per 40.



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### Table 2: Number of Sanitary Fixtures, Baths and Showers Paragraph 1.1

Paragraph 1.1				
Building use	User group	Baths or s	howers	Accessible showers
		Design Occ.	Number	
Housing				
Detached dwellings and multi-unit dwellings	Occupants	-	1	
<b>Group Dwelling</b> Marae, commune	Occupants	1 - 25 26 - 60 61 - 100 >100	1 2 3 add 1 per 50	
Communal Residential				
<b>Community Service and</b> <b>Community Care</b> Hospitals, old people's homes, community housing, specialist care facilities	Occupants	1 - 8 9 - 20 >20	1 2 add 1 per 10	Accessible showers to be provided in accordance with the needs of the occupants, patients or treatment within the institutions
Hotels, hostels, motels, prisons, boardinghouses	Occupants	1 – 8 9 – 20 >20	1 2 add 1 per 10	For each <i>accessible</i> unit: One <i>accessible</i> shower
Camping grounds, motor camps, caravan parks	Occupants	1 - 25 26 - 60 61 - 100 >100	1 2 3 add 1 per 50	Accessible showers provided on the scale of 1 - 100 1 101 - 300 2 >300 3
Communal Non-residential				
Churches, club rooms, assembly halls, grandstands (seating areas), museums, art galleries (display areas)	Patrons Staff	-	0	Where showers are provided include at least one <i>accessible</i> shower compartment (see Figure 8)
Places of active recreation, swimming pools, squash courts, gymnasiums	Patrons Staff	1 – 30 >30	1 add 1 per 50	Where showers are provided include at least one <i>accessible</i> shower compartment (see Figure 8)
Early childhood centres	Children	_	1 bath	_
Schools, Universities – spaces other than those used for active recreation	Students Staff	-	0	Where showers are provided include at least one <i>accessible</i> shower compartment (see Figure 8)
Commercial				
Amusement parks, shopping plaza, libraries, transport terminals, coffee bars, tea rooms, restaurants, bars, night clubs, offices, banks. (Includes staff facilities for other building uses.)	Patrons Staff	_	0	Where showers are provided include at least one <i>accessible</i> shower compartment (see Figure 8)
Industrial				
Factory, power station, industrial plant (for those workers engaged in dirty occupations.)	Staff	1 – 7 8 – 16 >16	1 2 add 1 per 10	Where showers are provided one <i>accessible</i> shower is required when more than 10 people are employed (see Figure 8)

DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING AND HOUSING

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Table 3:         Sanitary Facility Design Occupancy for Each Sex           Paragraph 1.1.1		
Building Use	(applies t	ation factor to the number ng occupants)
	Males	Females
Housing		
Group dwelling Marae, commune	0.60	0.60
Communal Residential		
Boarding house, hospital, prison and old people's home (see <b>Note 1</b> )	0.60	0.60
Camping ground	0.50	0.50
Communal Non-residential		
Assembly Service Church Club room, assembly hall, stadium, sports venue, grand stand Museum and art galleries (display areas only) Theatre, cinema Swimming pool	0.50 0.80 0.60 0.60 0.60	0.60 0.60 0.60 0.70 0.60
Assembly Care School (see Note 1), university	0.60	0.60
Commercial		
Shopping plaza Library Transport terminals Amusement park, or other building where people are only present for about 1 hour and there is no interval	0.40 0.60 0.70 0.60	0.70 0.60 0.50 0.60
Coffee bar, tea rooms, restaurants, bars, night club Office, banks (including staff facilities for shops, hotels, bars and any other building use)	0.80 1.00	0.65
Industrial		
Factory, power stations, industrial warehouse Note:	1.00	0.65

1. Applies to *buildings* or parts of *buildings* used by both sexes, e.g. co-education schools.

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### Table 4: Occupant Densities (adapted from C/AS1 Part 2) Paragraph 1 1 1

Paragraph	

Building use	Occupant density (Users/m²) (see Note 1)
Communal Non-residential and Commercial	
Airports – baggage claim	0.5
Airports – concourses	0.1
Airports – waiting areas, check in	0.7
Area without seating or aisles	1.0
Art galleries, museums	0.25
Bar sitting areas	1.0
Bar standing area	2.0
Bleachers, pews or similar bench type seating	2.2 users per linear metre
Classrooms	0.5
Dance floors	1.7
Day care centres	0.25
Dining, beverage and cafeteria spaces	0.8
Exhibition areas, trade fairs	0.7
Fitness centres	0.2
Gymnasia	0.35
Indoor games areas/bowling alleys, etc.	0.1
Libraries – stack areas	0.1
Libraries – other areas	0.15
Lobbies and foyers	1.0
Mall areas used for assembly purposes	1.0
Reading or writing rooms and lounges	0.5
Restaurants, dining rooms and lounges Shop spaces and pedestrian circulation areas including malls and arcades	0.9 0.3
Shop spaces for furniture, floor coverings, large appliances, building supplies and manchester Showrooms	0.1
Space with fixed seating Space with loose seating	as number of seats (see <b>Note 2</b> ) 1.3
Spaces with loose seating and tables	0.9
Stadia and grandstands	1.8
Stages for theatrical performances	1.3
Standing space	2.6
Swimming pools (water surface area)	0.2
Swimming pool surrounds and seating	0.35
Teaching laboratories	0.2
Vocational training rooms in schools	0.1
<b>Communal Residential</b> Bedrooms Bunkrooms Detention quarters Dormitories, hostels Halls and wharenui Wards containing more than two beds	as number of beds (see <b>Note 2</b> )

DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING AND HOUSING



Table 4:         Occupant Densities (Cont'd)           Paragraph 1.1.1					
Building use	Occupant density (Users/m²) (see Note 1)				
<b>Commercial and Industrial</b> Aircraft hangars Bulk storage (e.g. solid stacked) Commercial laboratories, laundries	0.02 0.01 0.1				
Computer rooms (not used as classrooms for training)	0.04				
Factory space in which layout and normal use determines	as approved				
the number of people using it in working hours	(see <b>Note 3</b> )				
Heavy industry	0.03				
Interview rooms	0.2				
Kitchens	0.1				
Manufacturing and process areas, staff rooms	0.1				
Offices and staffrooms	0.1				
Personal service facilities	0.2				
Reception areas	0.1				
Workrooms, workshops	0.2				
Warehouse storage (e.g. racks and shelves)	0.03				
<b>Buildings and parts of buildings with intermittent use</b>	(see <b>Note 4</b> )				
Boiler rooms, plant rooms, service units and maintenance workshops	0.03				
Parking buildings, garages	0.02				
Exitways, enclosed corridors, lifts (no occupants counted)	0.0				
Laundry and house keeping facilities	0.2				
Storage	0.02				
Toilets and subordinate spaces (no occupants counted)	0.0				

Note:

 The floor area to be used shall be the total building use floor area including that occupied by internal partitions and fixtures. The occupant densities in this table already allow for a proportion of floor area, appropriate to the activity, being occupied by furniture, partitions, fixtures and associated equipment.

2. For fixed seating and beds, the number of seats or beds is used instead of an occupant density (users per m<sup>2</sup>).

3. In such cases, the number of occupants must be specified when seeking a building consent. Future increase in numbers shall be treated as a change in use.

4. Spaces in *buildings* and parts of *buildings* with intermittent use are normally not included in the calculations for the number of occupants. It is assumed that the occupation is temporary and by people who would already have been included in the number of occupants of another space. The figures given in the table apply where people are specifically employed to perform the functions for which the spaces are provided.

### Table 5: Urinal Flushing Systems Paragraph 2.3.6

Number of urinals per cistern	Number of spreaders for wall urinals	Minimum capacity of flush pipe (litres)	Diameter of flush pipe (mm)	Diameter of sparge to spreaders (mm)
1	2	2.5	25	20
2	3	5.0	32	20
3	4	7.5	40	25
4 (see <b>Note 1</b> )	5	10.0	40	25

#### Note:

1. Up to 6 urinal stalls may be flushed by one cistern or flushing valve provided no more than 3 stalls are served by any branch from the flush pipe.

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Index G1/VM1 & AS1

### Index G1/VM1 & AS1

All references to Verification Methods and Acceptable Solutions are preceded by  ${\bf VM}$  or  ${\bf AS}$  respectively.

Access to a facility	
-	
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Camping grounds	
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Sanitary fixtures	
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non-flushing sanitary fixtures .	
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	, 4.2.3, 4.2.4, Figures 5 and 8, Table 2
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